# ANNEX 1 to

# Prosecution submission of public redacted version of the Rule 86(3)(b) Outline

# Public redacted version of ANNEX 2 to Submission of Indictment for confirmation and related requests, KSC-BC-2023-10/F00002/A02

Public

LEGAL ELEMENTS	<b>REFERENCE(S) TO EVIDENCE</b>	
	CRIMES	
1. Criminal Offence Against Pul	1. Criminal Offence Against Public Order	
Count 1: Obstructing official persons in performing official duties, by force or serious threat		
(1) Whoever, by force or serious threat (KCC <sup>1</sup> Article 401(1)) <sup>2</sup>	The actions of <b>Sabit JANUZI</b> and <b>Ismet BAHTJARI</b> set forth below constituted serious threats to [REDACTED] ('Witness 1'). In particular, <b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> made serious threats against Witness 1 through, <i>inter alia</i> : making individual approaches to Witness 1 in coordination with each other and [REDACTED] ('Co-Perpetrator 1'); attempting to induce Witness 1 to withdraw from testifying; and confirming to Witness 1 that he or [REDACTED] may be [REDACTED] if Witness 1 testified. <i>First Approach</i>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Criminal Code of the Republic of Kosovo, Code No.06/L-074 (2019) ('KCC').

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The term 'serious threat' should be understood broadly as encompassing not only a threat to use force, but also any serious threat of harmful action other than the use of force, *i.e.* 'threat to inflict serious harm on the health, well-being, safety, security or privacy of a person' (*see The Prosecutor v. Hysni Gucati and Nasim Haradinaj* ('*Gucati & Haradinaj*'), Public Redacted Version of the Trial Judgement, KSC-BC-2020-07/F00611/RED, 18 May 2022 ('*Gucati & Haradinaj* Trial Judgment'), para.144; *Gucati & Haradinaj*, Appeal Judgment, KSC-CA-2022-01/F00114, 2 February 2023 ('*Gucati & Haradinaj* Appeal Judgment'), paras 278-280).

On 5 April 2023, Co-Perpetrator 1 called <b>JANUZI</b> , <sup>3</sup> [REDACTED], <sup>4</sup> and then, approximately two hours later, <b>BAHTJARI</b> , [REDACTED], <sup>5</sup> also called <b>JANUZI</b> . <sup>6</sup>
Approximately three hours after <b>BAHTJARI</b> called <b>JANUZI</b> , <b>BAHTJARI</b> called Witness 1. <sup>7</sup> [REDACTED] answered, and <b>BAHTJARI</b> asked for Witness 1. <sup>8</sup> [REDACTED] said that he was napping and asked if he should be awoken, and <b>BAHTJARI</b> responded in the negative. <sup>9</sup>
Approximately half an hour later, <b>BAHTJARI</b> arrived at the home of Witness 1. <sup>10</sup> <b>BAHTJARI</b> informed Witness 1, in sum and substance, that he had not 'come for good' and added an Albanian phrase meaning 'I have something to do for the evil.' <sup>11</sup> <b>BAHTJARI</b> said he had been sent by Co-Perpetrator 1 to deliver the message that Witness 1 was '[REDACTED]'s weakness' and Witness 1 should withdraw his testimony. <sup>12</sup>
Specifically, <b>BAHTJARI</b> told Witness 1 that Co-Perpetrator 1 had recently approached him at a café, and Co-Perpetrator 1 told <b>BAHTJARI</b> , in sum and substance, 'Go and tell [Witness 1] that [Witness 1 is] [REDACTED]'s weakness and tell [Witness 1] to

<sup>9</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.21-22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, p.SPOE00339011 (Call Log #3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, p.12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, p.4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> SPOE00339014-00339017, p.SPOE00339016 (Call Log #1-2); SPOE00339033-00339038, pp.SPOE00339037 (Call Log #1), SPOE00339038 (Chats #1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> SPOE00339024-00339027, p.SPOE00339026 (Call Log #1-2); Official Note, 113310-113320, p.113320.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.21-22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Official Note, 112769-112772, para.4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, p.19; Official Note, 112769-112772, para.5. Any quotations in this Rule 86(3)(b) Outline are translations of Albanian to English and subject to revision.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.19, 21; Official Note, 112769-112772, para.5.

withdraw.' <sup>13</sup> Witness 1 believed that Co-Perpetrator 1's message instructing Witness 1 to withdraw his testimony actually originated from [REDACTED]. <sup>14</sup>
<b>BAHTJARI</b> appeared nervous and uncomfortable to Witness 1. <sup>15</sup> Witness 1 asked <b>BAHTJARI</b> , 'Have they told you if I don't withdraw they will [REDACTED]?' and 'Will they [REDACTED] if I testify?' <b>BAHTJARI</b> kept his head down and replied, 'Yes, yes.' <sup>16</sup> By 'they,' Witness 1 was referring to Co-Perpetrator 1, [REDACTED], and [REDACTED].
Witness 1 then told <b>BAHTJARI</b> , 'Tell [REDACTED], [REDACTED], that if The Hague calls me, I will fuck all their mothers' and 'Tell them if I see them in front of me I will kill them if they don't kill me first.' <sup>17</sup>
<b>BAHTJARI</b> then left Witness 1's house and walked down the street towards a car waiting approximately 200 meters away. <sup>18</sup> Two men entered the car, with a third person in the driver's seat. <sup>19</sup> Witness 1 concluded that these persons were outside watching his home while <b>BAHTJARI</b> visited. <sup>20</sup>
As a result of this visit, Witness 1 became very concerned for the safety of [REDACTED], including whether he would be able to [REDACTED] against [REDACTED]. <sup>21</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.19-21; Official Note, 112769-112772, para.5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.19, 21; Official Note, 112769-112772, para.6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.11-12; Official Note, 112769-112772, para.7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Official Note, 112769-112772, para.8. See also 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.11, 21 (different wording).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.11-12; Official Note, 112769-112772, para.9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Official Note, 112769-112772, para.11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Official Note, 112769-112772, para.11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Official Note, 112769-112772, para.11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, p.24; Official Note, 112769-112772, para.13.

rtly after <b>BAHTJARI</b> 's visit to Witness 1 and then throughout the e 3, Co-Perpetrator 1 and <b>JANUZI</b> and <b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> had n one contacts:	0 1
i. First, <b>JANUZI</b> called Co-Perpetrator 1 three times over the spano answer, before sending Co-Perpetrator 1 a text message as Co-Perpetrator 1 then called <b>JANUZI</b> , which <b>JANUZI</b> missed, a called back and connected with Co-Perpetrator 1. <sup>23</sup>	king him to call. <sup>22</sup>
ii. Almost immediately after his call with Co-Perpetrator 1, <b>BAHTJARI</b> . <sup>24</sup>	JANUZI called
ii. A short time later, Co-Perpetrator 1 texted JANUZI, writing, to which JANUZI responded, 'Ok, I will let them know.' <sup>25</sup> almost immediately replied, 'Wait a bit more,' and, with Perpetrator 1 called JANUZI. <sup>26</sup> Co-Perpetrator 1 and JANUZ meeting in person over text messages, with JANUZI at one por the meeting must be at or close to his home because he did not	Co-Perpetrator 1 nin seconds, Co- ZI then discussed int indicating that
v. Shortly after texting with Co-Perpetrator 1 to arrange a meetin <b>BAHTJARI</b> three times without answer and also sent <b>BAH</b>	0.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, pp.SPOE00339011 (Call Log #4-6), SPOE00339012 (Chats #1); SPOE00339028-00339032, p.SPOE00339032 (Chats #2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, pp.SPOE00339011 (Call Log #7-8), SPOE00339012 (Chats #2-3); SPOE00339028-00339032, p.SPOE00339032 (Chats #3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> SPOE00339014-00339017, pp.SPOE00339016 (Call Log #3), SPOE00339017 (Chats #2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, p.SPOE00339012 (Chats #4-5); SPOE00339028-00339032, p.SPOE00339032 (Chats #4-5).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, pp.SPOE00339011 (Call Log #9), SPOE00339012 (Chats #6-7); SPOE00339028-00339032, p.SPOE00339032 (Chats #6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, p.SPOE00339012 (Chats #8-15); SPOE00339028-00339032, p.SPOE00339032 (Chats #7-14).

	messages. <sup>28</sup> <b>BAHTJARI</b> ultimately called <b>JANUZI</b> back several times, connecting briefly each time. <sup>29</sup>
v.	Within an hour of <b>BAHTJARI</b> 's last call to <b>JANUZI</b> , Co-Perpetrator 1 called <b>JANUZI</b> , <sup>30</sup> and then <b>JANUZI</b> called <b>BAHTJARI</b> . <sup>31</sup>
vi.	Finally, a short time later, Co-Perpetrator 1 sent two text messages to <b>JANUZI</b> , writing 'come out' and 'where are you'. <sup>32</sup>
	following days, Co-Perpetrator 1 and <b>JANUZI</b> remained in contact, including ng by phone at least four times between 6 April and 9 April 2023. <sup>33</sup>
Second	Approach
[REDA	April 2023, <b>JANUZI</b> sent a series of text messages to [REDACTED] ('Person 1'), ACTED], to ask if Person 1 could arrange a meeting between <b>JANUZI</b> and Witness short time later, <b>JANUZI</b> and Person 1 connected on an audio call. <sup>35</sup>
	on 12 April 2023, Person 1 informed Witness 1 that <b>JANUZI</b> wanted to get in touch nim and gave Witness 1 <b>JANUZI</b> 's phone number. <sup>36</sup> Within the hour, Witness 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> SPOE00339014-00339017, pp.SPOE00339016 (Call Log #4-6), SPOE00339017 (Chats #3-7); SPOE00339033-00339038, p.SPOE00339038 (Chats #2-7).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> SPOE00339014-00339017, p.SPOE00339016 (Call Log #7-10), SPOE00339017 (Chats #8-9); SPOE00339033-00339038, p.SPOE00339038 (Chats #8-9).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, p.SPOE00339011 (Call Log #11).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> SPOE00339014-00339017, p.SPOE00339016 (Call Log #11).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, p.SPOE00339012-00339013 (Chats #17-18); SPOE00339028-00339032, p.SPOE00339032 (Chats #15-16).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, pp.SPOE00339011 (Call Log #12-15), SPOE00339012 (Chats #19-22); SPOE00339028-00339032, p.SPOE00339032 (Chats #17).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> SPOE00339018-00339023, p.SPOE00339022-00339023 (Chats #1-25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> SPOE00339018-00339023, p.SPOE00339023 (Chats #21).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.6-7, 15; Official Note, 113310-113320, pp.113310-113315. See also 112909-TR-ET Part 1, p.9.

spoke to JANUZI by telephone—after many years of having no contact with JANUZI. <sup>37</sup> JANUZI said that he would come to Witness 1's place to meet within an hour. <sup>38</sup>
Within minutes of speaking to Witness 1, JANUZI called Co-Perpetrator 1. <sup>39</sup>
After arriving at Witness 1's home, <b>JANUZI</b> told Witness 1 that Co-Perpetrator 1 had sent <b>BAHTJARI</b> to Witness 1 but 'they' were not sure how things stood with Witness 1 as a result of that meeting. <sup>40</sup> <b>JANUZI</b> continued by saying that 'they' had sent <b>JANUZI</b> to speak with Witness 1 to determine 'how can we go forward with this' and/or 'deal with this.' <sup>41</sup>
Witness 1 told <b>JANUZI</b> that he did not 'want to deal with this anymore. Put a stop to it.' <b>JANUZI</b> responded that he would tell 'them' what Witness 1 had said. <sup>42</sup> Witness 1 inferred that the 'they' and 'them' referred to by <b>JANUZI</b> during the meeting were references to Co-Perpetrator 1. <sup>43</sup>
After the meeting, <b>JANUZI</b> called Co-Perpetrator 1. <sup>44</sup> Less than an hour later, Co-Perpetrator 1 called <b>JANUZI</b> . <sup>45</sup>
As a result of this meeting, Witness 1 was further concerned [REDACTED]. <sup>46</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.6-7, 12; Official Note, 113310-113320, pp.113310-113315.

- <sup>38</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.6-7.
- <sup>39</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, p.SPOE00339011 (Call Log #16).
- <sup>40</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.7, 18.
- <sup>41</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.7, 9, 17-19.
- <sup>42</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.9-10.
- <sup>43</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, p.10.
- <sup>44</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, p.SPOE00339011 (Call Log #17).
- <sup>45</sup> SPOE00339009-00339013, p.SPOE00339011 (Call Log #18).
- <sup>46</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.24-25.

(2) Obstructs or attempts to obstruct an official person in	BAHTJARI obstructed or attempted to obstruct KSC proceedings.
performing official duties (KCC Article 401(1)) <sup>47</sup>	In particular, <b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> (i) created serious fears and concerns for a person, Witness 1, who has or is likely to provide information to the SITF, SPO and/or to any KSC Panel about any crimes or offences falling under KSC jurisdiction, thereby constituting a strong disincentive for that person to provide (further) information about any crimes under KSC jurisdiction; (ii) threatened the KSC/SPO's ability to effectively investigate and prosecute crimes, including by obtaining and securing relevant witness evidence; and (iii) diverted SPO resources and time to address actual and potential consequences [REDACTED] in connection with official KSC proceedings. Regarding the impact on KSC/SPO time and resources, these include: the involvement of multiple KSC/SPO staff in otherwise unnecessary additional contacts with Witness 1 in order to ensure [REDACTED] and ability to testify; the expenditure of SPO resources to investigate the events recounted in the Indictment and this Rule 86(3)(b) Outline; and the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> The term 'obstruct' means 'to prevent, impede, hinder, or delay the motion, passage, or progress of something' (*see Gucati & Haradinaj* Trial Judgment, para.145).

In the context of the KSC proceedings, the term 'official person' is to be understood broadly as 'any person authorised to act on behalf of the SC or SPO, including a judge, prosecutor, an investigator or any other SC or SPO official' (*see Gucati & Haradinaj* Trial Judgment, para.146; *Gucati & Haradinaj* Appeal Judgment, paras 281-282).

The use of serious threat can occur also 'at a moment in time other than when the official person is actively exercising a particular duty' (*see Gucati & Haradinaj* Trial Judgment, para.148; *Gucati & Haradinaj* Appeal Judgment, para.283).

The force or serious threat does not need to be directed against the official person only but also against another person, or an object (*see Gucati & Haradinaj* Trial Judgment, para.146; *Gucati & Haradinaj* Appeal Judgment, para.282).

The term 'official duty' or 'official function' within the meaning of Article 401(1) and (5) of the KCC should be understood as 'any responsibility or work of an SC or SPO official within the context of official proceedings, including SPO investigations (*see Gucati & Haradinaj* Trial Judgment para.147; *Gucati & Haradinaj* Appeal Judgment, para.284).

	expenditure of KSC/SPO time and resources to take new security-related measures, [REDACTED]. <sup>48</sup> See Count 1, element (1).
(3) The offence was committed against a judge, a prosecutor, an official of a court, prosecution officer or a person authorized by the court and prosecution office, or a police officer during the exercise of their official functions (KCC Article 401(5))	The actions of <b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> , that is, the serious threats to Witness 1, were directed against KSC/SPO officials, including Judges, Prosecutors, Investigators, and other staff members, during an exercise of their official functions, specifically in the framework of the KSC's ongoing court proceedings, and SPO investigations. <i>See</i> Count 1, elements (1)-(2).
(4) Awareness of, and desire to commit, the act, or awareness that a prohibited consequence can occur as a result of the act or omission and accession to its occurrence (KCC Article 21) <sup>49</sup>	JANUZI and BAHTJARI had the requisite intent and knowledge for the crimes of (i) by serious threat, obstructing official persons in performing official duties, and (ii) participating in a group of persons which by common action obstructed or attempted to obstruct an official person in performing official duties. As evidenced by their actions and statements, including their individual approaches to Witness 1 and attempts to induce Witness 1 to withdraw his testimony, and by words and actions that constituted implicit and explicit threats against Witness 1 [REDACTED], JANUZI and BAHTJARI were aware of their act and desired its commission. Alternatively, these factors show that JANUZI and BAHTJARI were aware that a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> See e.g. 112768-112768, 112769-112772, 113310-113320, 113181-113182, 113354-113355, 113356-113356, and 113434-113436.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> The Article 401(1) or (5) offences can be committed either with direct or eventual intent. Attempted form of Article 401(1) and (5) offence can be perpetrated also with eventual intent (*see Gucati & Haradinaj* Trial Judgment, paras 152-155; *Gucati & Haradinaj* Appeal Judgment, paras 291-292).

	prohibited consequence can occur as a result of their act or omission and they acceded to its occurrence. <i>See</i> Count 1, elements (1)-(3).
Count 2: Obstructing official persons in performing official duties, by participating in the common action of a group	
<ul> <li>(1) Participation in a group,<sup>50</sup></li> <li>which by common action<sup>51</sup></li> <li>(KCC Article 401(2))</li> </ul>	JANUZI and BAHTJARI participated in a group of persons, composed of Co- Perpetrator 1, JANUZI, BAHTJARI, and others, whose common action obstructed or attempted to obstruct one or more official persons in performing official duties. <i>See</i> Count 1, elements (1)-(2).
(2) Obstructs or attempts to obstruct an official person in performing official duties (KCC Article 401(2))	See Count 1, elements (1)-(2).
(3) The offence was committed against a judge, a prosecutor, an official of a court, prosecution officer or a	See Count 1, elements (1)-(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> See KCC Article 13(12) (a group is comprised of three or more persons).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> See Commentaries on the Criminal Law of the Socialist Autonomous Province of Kosovo, Article 185; Stojanović and Perić, Commentary of the Criminal Code of Serbia and Montenegro, 1996, in *Commentaries of the Articles of Criminal Code of Serbia*, Article 215, p.291 (the 'joint' or common action is not limited to force, threat, or any other specific type of action).

person authorized by the court and prosecution office, or a police officer during the exercise of their official functions (KCC Article 401(5))	
(4) Awareness of, and desire to commit, the act, or awareness that a prohibited consequence can occur as a result of the act or omission and accession to its occurrence (KCC Article 21)	See Count 1, element (4).
2. Criminal Offence Against the	Administration of Justice and Public Administration
Count 3: Intimidation during criminal proceedings	
<ul><li>(1) The use of force or serious threat, or any other means of compulsion (KCC Article 387)</li></ul>	See Count 1, element (1).

(2) To induce another person to	JANUZI and BAHTJARI sought to induce Witness 1 withdraw his testimony.
refrain from making a statement or to make a false statement or to otherwise fail to state true information to the police, a prosecutor or a judge and such information relates to obstruction of criminal proceedings <sup>52</sup> (KCC Article 387)	<ul> <li>i. On 5 April 2023, BAHTJARI approached Witness 1 and (i) told Witness 1 that Witness 1 should withdraw his testimony in KSC proceedings,<sup>53</sup> and (ii) confirmed to Witness 1 that failure to do so could result in Witness 1 [REDACTED].<sup>54</sup></li> <li>ii. On 12 April 2023, JANUZI approached Witness 1 to follow up after BAHTJARI's earlier approach and to learn how things stood with Witness 1 with regard to Witness 1's testimony.<sup>55</sup></li> <li>iii. Before and after approaching Witness 1, JANUZI and BAHTJARI communicated and coordinated with each other and Co-Perpetrator 1.</li> <li>See Count 1, elements (1)-(3).</li> </ul>
(3) Awareness of, and desire to commit, the act, or awareness that a prohibited	JANUZI's and BAHTJARI's acts and omissions demonstrate JANUZI's and BAHTJARI's intent to intimidate Witness 1 and to induce Witness 1 to withdraw evidence or refrain from providing evidence in KSC official proceedings.
consequence can occur as a result of the act or omission	As evidenced by their actions and statements, including their individual approaches to Witness 1 and attempts to induce Witness 1 to withdraw his testimony, and by words and actions that constituted implicit and explicit threats against Witness 1 [REDACTED],

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> The catalogue of persons to be induced, pursuant to Article 387, encompasses not only witnesses and victims participating in criminal proceedings, but also 'any other person whose evidence is sought by prosecutorial authorities in the framework of their investigations', and 'a person likely to provide evidence to the SITF, SPO or to an SC Panel about crimes or offences falling under SC jurisdiction.' Additionally, Article 387 does not require proof of consequence or result (*see Gucati & Haradinaj* Trial Judgment, paras 113, 115, 121; *Gucati & Haradinaj* Appeal Judgment, paras 226, 229, 244).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.19-21; Official Note, 112769-112772, para.5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> Official Note, 112769-112772, para.8. See also 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.11, 21 (different wording).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> 112906-TR-ET Part 1, pp.7, 9, 17-19.

and accession to its	JANUZI and BAHTJARI were aware of their act and desired its commission.
occurrence <sup>56</sup> (KCC Article 21)	Alternatively, these factors show that JANUZI and BAHTJARI were aware that a
	prohibited consequence can occur as a result of their act or omission and they acceded to
	its occurrence.
	See Count 1, element (4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> The offence under Article 387 can be committed with either direct or eventual intent (*see Gucati & Haradinaj* Trial Judgment, paras 119-124; *Gucati & Haradinaj* Appeal Judgment, paras 261-262).

MODE(S) OF LIABILITY	
LEGAL ELEMENTS	<b>REFERENCE(S) TO EVIDENCE</b>
Commission	
(1) Commission (KCC Article 17(1))	<b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> committed the crimes charged in the Indictment. <i>See</i> Count 1, element (1), Count 2, element (1), and Count 3, element (1).
<ul> <li>(2) Awareness of, and desire to commit, the act, or awareness that a prohibited consequence can occur as a result of the act or omission and accession to its occurrence (KCC Articles 17(1) and 21)</li> </ul>	See Count 1, element (4), Count 2, element (4), and Count 3, element (3).
Attempt	
(1) Taking of action toward the commission of an offence, but the action is not completed or the elements of the intended offence are not fulfilled (KCC Article 28(1)) <sup>57</sup>	Insofar as it is ultimately found that any of the charged crimes were not completed or the elements of the intended offences were not fulfilled, <b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> took actions toward the commission of the crimes. <i>See</i> Count 1, elements (1)-(3), Count 2, elements (1)-(3), and Count 3, elements (1)- (2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> Pursuant to Article 28(2), '[a]n attempt to commit a criminal offense for which a punishment of three or more years may be imposed shall be punishable. An attempt to commit any other criminal offense shall be punishable only if expressly provided for by law.'

(2) Awareness of, and desire to commit, the act, or awareness that a prohibited consequence can occur as a result of the act or omission and accession to its occurrence (KCC Articles 21 and 28(1))	See Commission, element (2).
Co-perpetration	
(1) Two or more persons (KCC Article 31)	<b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> undertook the actions set out above together or in conjunction with two or more persons.
	<i>See</i> Count 1, elements (1)-(3), Count 2, elements (1)-(3), and Count 3, elements (1)-(2).
(2) An express or implied agreement to commit a crime (KCC Article 31) <sup>58</sup>	<b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> undertook the actions set out above with an expressed or implied agreement to commit a crime/crimes charged in the Indictment.
	<i>See</i> Count 1, elements (1)-(3), Count 2, elements (1)-(4), and Count 3, elements (1)-(2).
(3) Participation in the commission of a criminal offence or substantial contribution to its commission in any other way (KCC Article 31)	<b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> participated in the commission of the crimes as charged in the Indictment or substantially contributed to the commission of the crimes. <i>See</i> Count 1, elements (1)-(3), Count 2, elements (1)-(4), and Count 3, elements (1)- (2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> See Kosovo, Supreme Court, *Prosecutor v. S.H.*, PAII-KZII-2/2016, Judgment, 20 September 2016 ('S.H. Supreme Court Judgment'), para.58 (Co-perpetration, as defined in Article 31, is broad; it requires an express or implied agreement to commit a crime, and participation in or 'substantial contribution' thereto).

(4) Awareness of, and desire to commit, the act, or awareness that a prohibited consequence can occur as a result of the act or omission and accession to its occurrence (KCC Article 21)	See Count 1, element (4), Count 2, element (4), and Count 3, element (3).
Agreement to commit a criminal offense	
(1) Two or more persons (KCC Article 35(1))	<b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> undertook the actions set out above together or in conjunction with two or more persons.
	See Count 1, elements (1)-(3), Count 2, elements (1)-(3), and Co-perpetration, element (1).
(2) An agreement to commit a criminal offence (KCC Article 35(1))	JANUZI and BAHTJARI undertook the actions set out above with an expressed or implied agreement to commit a crime/crimes charged in the Indictment. <i>See</i> Count 1, elements (1)-(3), Count 2, elements (1)-(3), and Co-perpetration, element (2).
(3) Any substantial act towards the commission of the criminal offence (KCC Article 35(1)) <sup>59</sup>	See Co-perpetration, element (3).
(4) Awareness of, and desire to commit, the act, or awareness that a prohibited consequence can occur as a result of	See Commission, element (2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Pursuant to Article 35(2), 'the term "substantial act towards the commission of a crime", need not be a criminal act, but shall be a substantial preparatory step towards the commission of the crime which the persons have agreed to commit.'

the act or omission and accession to its occurrence (KCC Article 21)	
Assistance	
(1) The provision of assistance <sup>60</sup> in committing a criminal offence (KCC Article 33(1))	<b>JANUZI</b> and <b>BAHTJARI</b> provided assistance in the commission of the crimes charged in the Indictment including in one or more of the ways set out above. <i>See</i> Co-perpetration, element (3).
<ul> <li>(2) Awareness of, and desire to commit, the act, or awareness that a prohibited consequence can occur as a result of the act or omission and accession to its occurrence (KCC Articles 21 and 33(1))<sup>61</sup></li> </ul>	See Commission, element (2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Pursuant to KCC Article 33(2), assistance in committing a criminal offence includes, but is not limited to: giving advice or instruction on how to commit a criminal offense; making available the means to commit a criminal offense; creating conditions or removing the impediments to the commission of a criminal offense; or, promising in advance to conceal evidence of the commission of a criminal offense, the perpetrator or identity of the perpetrator, the means used for the commission of a criminal offense, or the profits or gains which result from the commission of a criminal offense.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> Nikola and Lazarević, Commentary on the Criminal Code of Serbia, 5th Edition, 1995, in *Commentaries of the Articles of Criminal Code of Serbia*, Article 24, p.78 (a person must be aware that his conduct concretely assists the perpetrator in the commission of the offence and his assistance must in fact facilitate the commission of the act).